



MAKE IT GREEN
GARDEN CENTRE

It's only natural



Contrast In Styles Siberian Iris

Iris sibirica 'Contrast In Styles'

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 24 inches

Spacing: 18 inches

Sunlight: ☉ ●

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Description:

A striking variety producing blooms with reddish purple standards and falls, and lighter, bluish styles; massed plantings give the best effect in a garden, blooms from late spring into the summer, best in full sun and moist soil but very adaptable

Ornamental Features

Contrast In Styles Siberian Iris has masses of beautiful violet flag-like flowers with blue overtones, yellow throats and a white flare at the ends of the stems in early summer, which are most effective when planted in groupings. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its grassy leaves remain green in colour throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Contrast In Styles Siberian Iris is an herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Contrast In Styles Siberian Iris is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



*Contrast In Styles Siberian Iris
flowers*

Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Contrast In Styles Siberian Iris
flowers*

Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



MAKE IT GREEN
GARDEN CENTRE

It's only natural

Planting & Growing

Contrast In Styles Siberian Iris will grow to be about 28 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 24 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 18 inches apart. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It is quite adaptable, preferring to grow in average to wet conditions, and will even tolerate some standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.